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TENT COOPERATION TREAT 1507062

PCT

REC'D 29 JUL 2004

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INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

(PCT Article 36 and Rule 70)

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Applicant's or agent's file reference CL1987PCT			gent's file reference	FOR FURTHER	ER ACTION See Notification of Transmittal of International Preliminary Examination Report (Form PCT/IPEA/416)			
	mation T/US		olication No. 9853	International filing date 01.04.2003	e (day/mon	th/year)	Priority date (day/month/) 01.04.2002	vear)
	matior 0L1/1		ent Classification (IPC) or bo	oth national classification	and IPC			
	UL 1/1	0						
Ann	licant							·
		PON	T DE NEMOURS AND	COMPANY et al				
1.	 This international preliminary examination report has been prepared by this International Preliminary Examining Authority and is transmitted to the applicant according to Article 36. 							
2.	Thic	DEE	OPT consists of a total a	f E abanta instruttore				
۲.	11116) III	ORT consists of a total o	i 5 sneets, including	tnis cover	sneet.		
	This report is also accompanied by ANNEXES, i.e. sheets of the description, claims and/or drawings which have been amended and are the basis for this report and/or sheets containing rectifications made before this Authority (see Rule 70.16 and Section 607 of the Administrative Instructions under the PCT).							
	The		nexes consist of a total of		auve mout		ne rot).	
3.	This	repo	rt contains indications rela	ating to the following	items:			
	ı	\boxtimes	Basis of the opinion					
	11		Priority					
	111		Non-establishment of o	pinion with regard to	noveltv. in	ventive step a	nd industrial applicability	•
	IV		Lack of unity of invention		3.		madoma apphoability	
	٧	×	Reasoned statement ur citations and explanatio	nder Rule 66.2(a)(ii) w ns supporting such s	ith regard	to novelty, in	ventive step or industrial	applicability;
	VI		Certain documents cited					
	VII		Certain defects in the in	ternational application	n .			
	VIII		Certain observations on	• •				
Date	of sub	missio	n of the demand		Date of c	completion of thi	s report	
						•		
27.10.2003				30.07.2004				
Name and mailing address of the international preliminary examining authority:				Authorized Officer				
European Patent Office - P.B. 5818 Patentlaan 2 NL-2280 HV Rijswijk - Pays Bas				Kardina	al. S			
_	Tel. +31 70 340 - 2040 Tx: 31 651 epo nl Fax: +31 70 340 - 3016					ne No. +31 70 34	10-3483	
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INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

International application No.

PCT/US 03/09853

l.	Basis	of the	repor	t
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1. With regard to the **elements** of the international application (Replacement sheets which have been furnished to the receiving Office in response to an invitation under Article 14 are referred to in this report as "originally filed" and are not annexed to this report since they do not contain amendments (Rules 70.16 and 70.17)):

	Description, Pages						
	1-1	17	as originally filed				
	Cla	laims, Numbers					
	1-2	23	as originally filed				
	Dra	Prawings, Sheets					
	1/2	-2/2	as originally filed				
2.	Wit lan	th regard to the lang t guage in which the ir	uage, all the elements marked above were available or furnished to this Authority in the sternational application was filed, unless otherwise indicated under this item.				
	The	ese elements were av	vailable or furnished to this Authority in the following language: , which is:				
		\supset the language of a translation furnished for the purposes of the international search (under Rule 23.1(b)					
			olication of the international application (under Rule 48.3(b)).				
			anslation furnished for the purposes of international preliminary examination (under				
3.	Wit inte	h regard to any nucl ernational preliminary	eotide and/or amino acid sequence disclosed in the international application, the examination was carried out on the basis of the sequence listing:				
		contained in the inte	ernational application in written form.				
		filed together with the international application in computer readable form.					
		·					
		furnished subsequently to this Authority in computer readable form.					
		The statement that to in the international a	the subsequently furnished written sequence listing does not go beyond the disclosure application as filed has been furnished.				
		The statement that the listing has been furn	he information recorded in computer readable form is identical to the written sequence ished.				
ŀ.	The	amendments have r	esulted in the cancellation of:				
		the description,	pages:				
		the claims,	Nos.:				
		the drawings,	sheets:				

INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

International application No.

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5. 🗆	This report has been established as if (some of) the amendments had not been made, since been considered to go beyond the disclosure as filed (Rule 70.2(c)).	they have
	ined (Aule 70.2(C)).	

(Any replacement sheet containing such amendments must be referred to under item 1 and annexed to this report.)

6. Additional observations, if necessary:

V. Reasoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement

1. Statement

Novelty (N)

Yes: Claims

1,22,23

No: Claims

2-21

Inventive step (IS)

Yes: Claims

1,22,23

No: Claims

2-21

1-23

Industrial applicability (IA)

Yes: Claims

No: Claims

2. Citations and explanations

see separate sheet

EXAMINATION REPORT - SEPARATE SHEET

Re Item V

1. Reference is made to the following documents:

D1: WO-A-9421753 D2: US-A-6054611 D3: US-A-3489795

D4: ACS Symposium Series 784 (2001), pages 51-63 (XP8029160)

2. Novelty

- 2.1 Independent claim 1 of the present application pertains to the production of a mixture comprising levulinic acid esters and formic acid esters by a process comprising the acid catalysed degradation of biomass and subsequent reaction of a mixture of levulinic acid and formic acid produced thereby with an olefin.
- 2.2 The document D2 discloses (cf. example 6) a process for the production of levulinic acid esters from biomass by acid catalysed degradation followed by Fischer esterification with an alcohol.
- 2.3 Document D3 discloses (cf. example 1) a process for the production of tertbutyl levulinate from levulinic acid and isobutylene.
- 2.4 The document D4 discloses (cf. page 53-54) a process for the production of levulinic acid ethyl ester from biomass by acid catalysed degradation in ethanol.
- 2.5 The subject-matter of claim 1 and claims 22 and 23 is therefore novel (Article 33(2) PCT).
- 2.6 Independent claim 2 of the present application pertains to a composition comprising levulinic acid esters and formic acid esters made by a process comprising the process steps of claim 1.

However, the subject-matter of product-by-process claim 2 has to be construed to the product as such, obtainable by the process specified. Accordingly, claim 2 effectively pertains to a mixture comprising levulinic acid esters and formic acid esters in which the alcohol moiety of both esters could be derived from an olefin.

INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY International application No. PCT/US 03/09853 EXAMINATION REPORT - SEPARATE SHEET

Since mixtures comprising ethyl levulinate and ethyl formate are already known from the prior art (e. g. D4, page 53-54, the esterification reaction mixture), the subject-matter of independent claim 2 and dependent claims 3-21 is not novel (Article 33(2) PCT).

3. Inventive Step

3.1 Even if novelty could be established for the subject-matter of product claims 2-21 not inventive step could be acknowledged :

Document D1, which could be considered to represent the most relevant state of the art, teaches (page 1, line 36 to page 2, line 7; page 4, lines 4-5 and the examples) the use of mixtures of levulinic acid esters and formic acid esters having alcohol moieties of 1 to 22 carbon atoms as fuel additives. Mixture of levulinic acid esters and formic acid esters having an alcohol moiety of 2 or more carbon atoms fall within the scope of claim 2 (cf. 2.6 above, the smallest olefin being ethylene).

The skilled person following the teaching of D1 would therefore arrive at the subject-matter of claims 2-21.

3.2 The subject-matter of claim 1 of the present application can be considered as involving an inventive step (Article 33(3) PCT):

Though the reaction of isolated levulinic acid and isobutene is disclosed in D3, it was not obvious for the skilled person from the teaching of the prior art (D1 to D4) to produce a mixture of levulinic acid esters and formic acids esters from biomass and olefines as proposed in present claim 1.

3.3 The subject-matter of process claims 22 and 23 comprising the process of claim 1 are also considered as involving an inventive step (Article 33(3) PCT).